through 2002 crops in the same manner as for other farms within the State.

[56 FR 16211, Apr. 19, 1991. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 36999, 37000, July 16, 1996]

§729.209 Tillable cropland limitation.

If any person owns a farm for which the basic quota exceeds an amount determined by multiplying the larger of the farm yield or the highest actual yield for the farm during the base period by the tillable cropland on the farm, the person shall take steps, such as the sale of quota, the purchase of tillable cropland, the permanent transfer of quota, or other similar means that will result in elimination of the excess. If such person fails to take such action, the farm's preliminary quota for the next year, and the basic quota permanently shall be reduced by the amount of the excess.

 $[56\ FR\ 16211,\ Apr.\ 19,\ 1991.\ Redesignated\ at\ 61\ FR\ 36999,\ July\ 16,\ 1996]$

§ 729.210 Determining a farm's effective quota.

The effective quota for a farm shall be the basic quota adjusted by:

- (a) *Upward adjustment*. Adding the:
- (1) The temporary seed quota allocated to the farm;
- (2) Quota temporarily reapportioned to the farm; or
- (3) Quota temporarily transferred to the farm by either lease, owner, or operator.
- (b) *Downward adjustment*. Subtracting the quota:
- (1) Temporarily transferred from the farm by either lease, owner or operator;
 - (2) Temporarily released; or
- (3) Converted in the current year from the production of peanuts in accordance with part 704 of this chapter or similar program as determined by the Deputy Administrator.

[56 FR 16211, Apr. 19, 1991. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 36999, 37000, July 16, 1996]

§729.211 Determination of farm yields.

(a) Farm yield—(1) Quota farm in previous year. The farm yield for the current year for a farm that was a quota farm in the previous year shall be the same as the farm yield established for the farm in the previous year.

- (2) Nonquota farm. If a farm was a nonquota farm in the year preceding the current year and such farm becomes a quota farm in the current year, a farm yield shall be determined by the county committee if a farm yield has not been established previously for such farm. Such farm yield shall be determined on a fair and reasonable basis by the county committee after considering the farm yields that have been established on other similar farms in the same locality.
- (b) *Reconstituted farms*. For reconstituted farms, the farm yield for such farm shall be:
- (1) Combination of quota farms. For combined quota farms, the weighted average of the farm yields for the tracts being combined.
- (2) Combinations of quota and nonquota farms. For a combination of a quota and nonquota farm, the farm yield of the tract(s) with an established quota, even though a farm yield had been previously established for such nonquota tract(s).
- (3) Combination of nonquota farms. For a combination of a nonquota farm, established by the county committee in the same manner as for farms under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, even though a farm yield had been previously established for the individual tracts.
- (4) Divisions. For tracts resulting from the division of a farm, the same farm for each tract that results from the division as the farm yield for the parent farm, except that should one or more tracts within the divided farm have a previously established farm yield, the farm yield for such tract(s) shall be that previously established for such tract(s).

[56 FR 16211, Apr. 19, 1991. Redesignated at 61 FR 36999, July 16, 1996]

§ 729.212 Approval of farm yield and farm poundage quota and notice to farm operator.

(a) Approval. Each farm yield, basic quota, and effective quota shall be determined under the supervision of, and approved by, the county committee of the county in which the farm is administratively located, subject to the concurrence of the State committee or a representative of the State committee.